Compliance-Based Intervention Scheme (CBIS)

Don't get stuck in Australia - The Department of Agriculture runs the Compliance-Based Intervention Scheme (CBIS). The scheme rewards <u>Australian importers</u> of eligible produce – such as summerfruit, avocados and capsicum from New Zealand, who demonstrate consistent compliance with Australia's biosecurity requirements with risk-based inspection rates.

In order to increase the chances of a successful inspection under CBIS, Summerfruit NZ recommends the following measures:

| PRE-BORDER Growers & Packhouses | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Treatment | Inspection | Communicate | |
| GROWERS | Use recommended best practice spray programme for Australia's quarantine pests | | | |
| PACKHOUSES | Use Vapormate [™] pre- packing for thrips and mites Any Vapormate [™] questions contact BOC directly | Consider using a microscope for phytosanitary inspections (Australia does) Consider inspecting more than | | |
| | | a 600-fruit sample | Talk to all people involved along pathway. Ensure your exporter/importer knows that you want pest identification and not treatment. | |
| | | This may mean rejecting more fruit from export, but it is better to find this out in NZ. | | |
| | | If weed seeds are detected in Australia – they are hard to identify and Australia can't fumigate. Keep a lookout for thistle seed! A number of these were detected in 2017/18 season. | | |
| | | Wheat bug (<i>Nysius huttoni</i>) is a major pest of concern for Australia. Any detections could result in trade issues for all Summerfruit – not just individual exporters. | | |
| | | Egg detections in Australia – hard to tell if live / dead, B3 doing work on tests | | |

Arrival in Australia

Compliance Based Intervention Scheme (CBIS)

- o CBIS is a reduced inspection frequency for compliant *importers* (not exporters).
- After five consignments are inspected with no compliance issues inspection rates are reduced to 50% (e.g. every second consignment not inspected).
- o Consignments must be entered in line mode (not container mode)

| At the border: limiting delays | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| | Communicate | Plan | Persevere | |
| EXPORTERS | Insist on pest identification and stick to the identification plan | Identification takes time. It can take 3 days to get full ID | Australia's Department of Agriculture are committed to providing identification services | |
| | Some importers "opt to fumigate" | Consignments arriving late in the week can be held up if pests found | If there are identification issues involve MPI and Summerfruit NZ (include phytosanitary number and ID paperwork) | |
| | Held consignments cause delay and bottlenecks in inspection rooms – there will be a push to fumigate and get them out | Pest identification does not happen over the weekend | Keep a track of issues so we can put measures in place next season. | |
| | We have good information and data on pest categorisations and many common pests are known to be non-actionable. Reconditioning can occur for weed seeds. | Avoid clearing consignments on a Friday if possible | | |
| | For example, Tydeid and Oribatid mites are considered non-actionable | If a consignment arrives on or close to Friday, consider keeping it sealed and contained over weekend. | | |